## DESCARTES WAS WRONG: HOW DOES PSYCHOLOGICAL STRESS GET UNDER THE SKIN?

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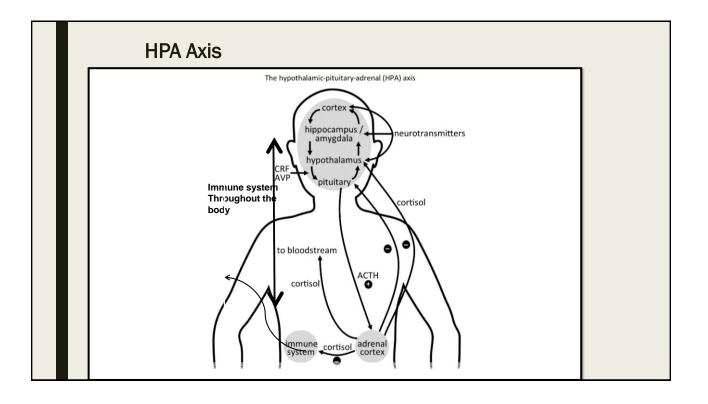
## René Descartes

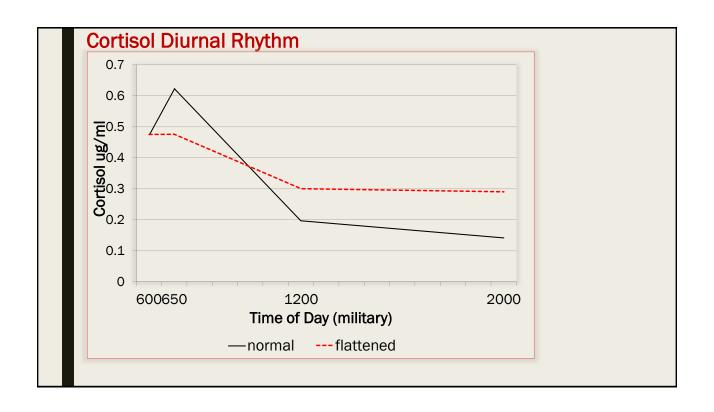
- Mind and body are actually distinct—or "mind-body dualism."
- The mind as a thinking and observing presence
- The body not thinking (extended)
- Partially a religious doctrine
- In creating minds, God would not need to create bodies. In creating bodies, God would not have to create minds

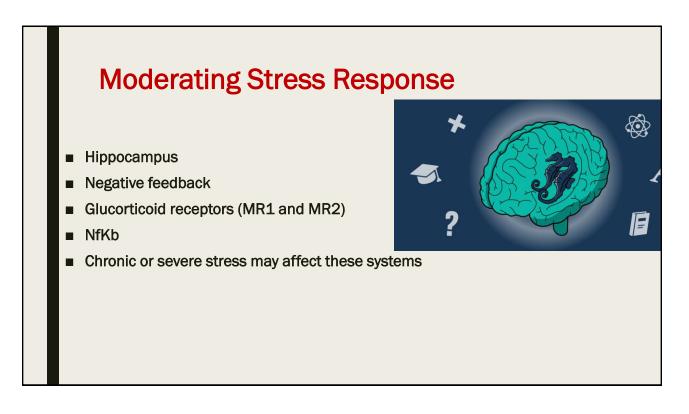


# Stress and Coping Theory (Lazarus & Folkman)

- Stress is defined as an "imbalance between demands and resources."
- Every person has skills and resources available to them
- Coping with stress is the use of these skills and resources
- Stress and Coping Theory is about the transaction between the stressors of life and our skills and resources
- Two-Step process
  - 1. The threatening tendency of the stress to the individual, and
  - 2. The assessment of resources required to minimize, tolerate or eradicate the stressor and the stress it produces







#### Killers of our ancestors

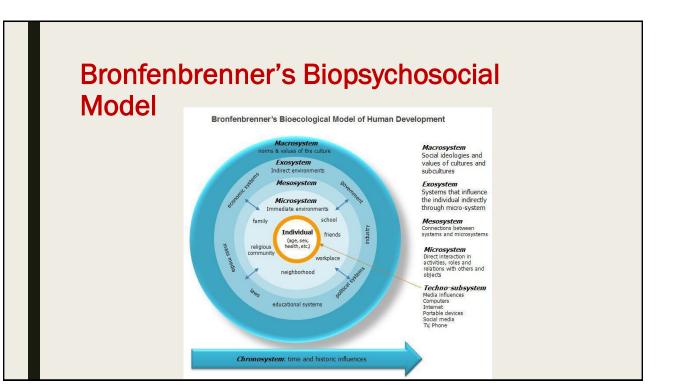
- Child mortality rate
- Death in childbirth
- Infectious disease
- Sabre tooth tigers

#### What Kills us today?

- Diabetes
- Heart disease
- Alzheimer's Disease
- Cancer
- Inflammation







#### Stress in Native Communities

- The stress of intergenerational trauma contributes to the erosion of the family and the tribe in general as well as affecting history and spiritual traditions (American Psychological Association, 2018)
- Age, educational level, and poverty have been implicated in increased risks of exposure to traumatic experiences (Hildago & Davidson, 2000)
- The stress of intergenerational trauma can affect one's identity, interpersonal skills, personal behavior, transmission of mores and values, and hope (Greywolf, 2011)
- Natives were more likely to witness a traumatic event, experience trauma to loved ones, and were victims of physical attacks than their US counterparts in the NCS (Tehee et al., 2017)
- Bias, stereotyping, prejudice, and clinical uncertainty on the part of health care providers may contribute to racial and ethnic disparities in health care (Institute of Medicine, 2003)

#### Stress in Native Communities

- Acculturative stress refers to the feeling of tension and anxiety that accompany efforts to adapt to the orientation and values of dominant culture (Rathus & Nevid, 2003). It can have an influence on physical and mental health disparities such as hypertension and depression (Kaholokula et al, 2010; Jang & Chiriboga, 2010)
- This is particularly alarming for Native people who have to negotiate between Native culture and the White world.
- All of these circumstances (and others) may be associated with Allosatic Load (McEwen, 1993)
- "When we have a population of people that feel disenfranchised and disconnected, from tradition and hope for a healthy future, that's going to have an impact on social behavior...There's so much diabetes, there's a culture of diabetes." (Un Natural Causes, 2019)

#### Stress and Diabetes

- Psychological stress may negatively influence engagement in riskreducing lifestyle changes (physical activity and healthy eating) and stress-related physiology that increase diabetes risk) (Woods-Giscombe et al., In press; Brendalo et al., 2017)
- Higher stress is associated with detriments in healthy lifestyle changes and decreased healthy behaviors (e.g. exercise) and increased unhealthy lifestyle behaviors (e.g. excessive consumptions of food, alcohol, or nicotine)(Ng & Jefferey, 2003)
- hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal (HPA)-axis activation and dysregulation, may have a direct negative impact on insulin resistance and glucose metabolism (Chrousus & Gold, 1998)
- The body may not be able to process the glucose released by your firing nerve cells if you have diabetes
- Constant stress from long-term problems with blood glucose can also wear you down mentally and physically

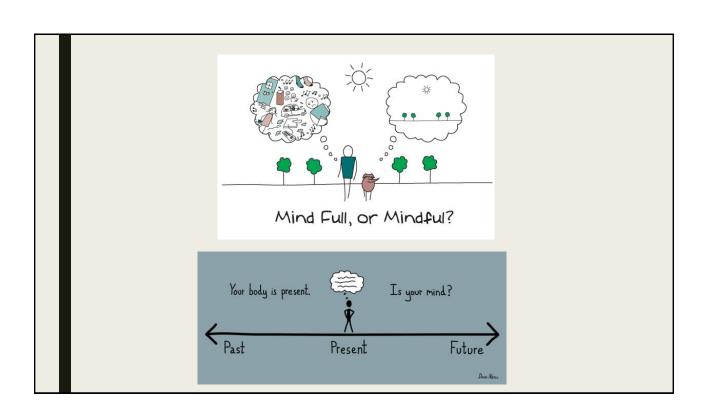
## Treating Diabetes-Related Disorders

- Treating diabetes-related depression, anxiety, and eating disorders
- Managing weight and stress
- Improving treatment adherence
- Enhancing communication and increasing social support



## Mindfulness

- Foundations of Mindfulness Practice
- Non-Judging
- Patience
- Beginner's Mind
- Trusting Ourselves
- Non-Striving
- Acceptance
- Letting Be (Letting Go)
- Mindful Eating



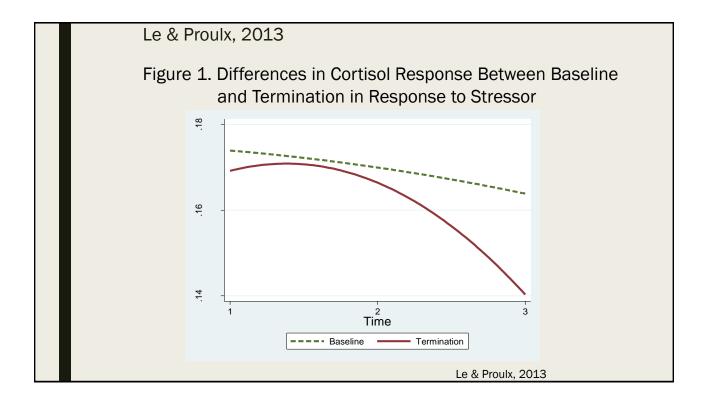
### **Native American Health**

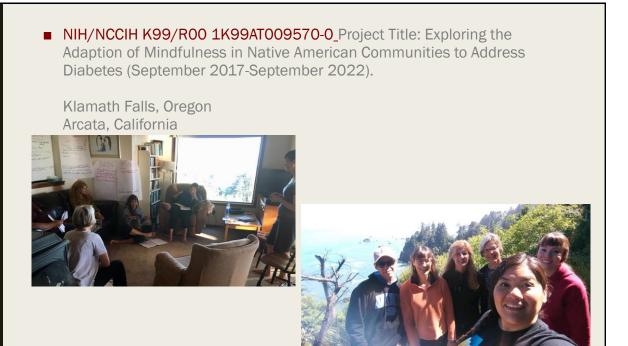
- Culturally centered research and clinical treatment (Proulx, 2009)
- Foundation for healing because culture provides meaning, purpose, and identity
- Integration of traditional treatments (e.g., medicine wheel, talking circles, medicine men and women)
- Predict the success of securing support from tribal leaders (Witko, 2006)

## Native American Mindfulness

- Proulx (2009) noted that traditional elements of resilience should not be peripheral to mindfulness research and clinical interventions
- Where do mindfulness practices overlap with Native traditional healing practices?
- Awareness of the diversity of attitudes across Native cultures
- Not a one-size-fits-all approach









## In Conclusion...

- Encourage researchers to be cognizant and embody trust, gratitude, patience, beginner's mind, curiosity, non-judging, acceptance, and non-attachment in their research ethos
- Am I worthy of receiving valued knowledge from these communities?
- Native people should have a primary and visible role in the research

#### In Conclusion...

- Learn about the culture you are studying
- Understand the history of research in the community of interest
- Emphasize what your research will contribute to the community
- Work with a small group of advisors from the community
- Interact often with the community groups who are allies and/or advisors
- Show gratitude

## Thank-you

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